

**DR. RAM MANOHAR LOHIA AWADH
UNIVERSITY, AYODHYA (U.P.)**

SYLLABUS

OF

**B.A.LL.B. (Hons.)
(FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED COURSE)**



B.A.LL.B. 3rd SEMESTER

- I. Legal Language, Legal Writing Including General English**
- II. Sociology-III (Social control and change)**
- III. Economics-III (Money, Banking and International Trade)**
- IV. History-III (History of World from 1789-1919)**
- V. Constitutional Law-I**
- VI. Family Law-I (Hindu Law)**

B.A.LL.B. Third Semester

PAPER-I

Maximum Marks: 100

Legal Language, Legal Writing Including General English

UNIT-I

Sentence, kinds of sentences

Subject and predicate

Parts of speech

Gender/Number

Uses of Articles

Tenses and structural rules of translation

UNIT-II

Narration

Transformation

Degree change

Analysis and synthesis

Syntax

Synonyms and antonyms

UNIT-III

Legal Terminology

- Terms used in civil and criminal laws
- Latin words and maxims
- Case analysis
- One word substitution

UNIT-IV

Essay writing on topics of Legal interest (for example): Fundamental rights, Secularism, Status of women, Terrorism, Law and Environment, Consumerism, LokAdalat, Independence of judiciary, Criminals in election, etc.....

UNIT-V

Precise writing

Composition skills

Letter/Application writing

BOOKs

Bhatnagar&Bhargava, Law and Language

R.P. Sinha, How to write correct English

R.P. Sinha, How to translate into English

Kelkar Ashok R, 'Communication and style in Legal Language', Indian Bar Review, Vol 10(3), 1993

Black's Law Dictionary

Latin for Lawyers, (1997), sweet and Maxwell, Universal, New Delhi

B.A.LL.B. Third Semester

PAPER-II

Maximum Marks: 100

Sociology – III (Social control and change)

1. Socialization-concept, theory, the relation with social control.
2. Definition of social control. The agencies of social control-family, state
3. The means of social control
Formal means-Education.
Informal means-Religion, propaganda, Public opinion, Rewards and Punishment,
Humor and reductive
4. Concepts of social change, Social change and Cultural change. Social progress and Social revolution.
5. Factors of social change and theories, Biological factors, Economic, Technological and cultural factors.
6. Process of social change: Socialization, Westernization and Modernization.

B.A.LL.B. Third Semester

PAPER-III

Maximum Marks: 100

Economics – III (Money, Banking and International Trade)

Part – A (Money and Banking)

1. Concept of money
2. Quantity theory of money-Fisher's and Cambridge approaches, Keynes Fundamental equations. An elementary treatment of saving and investment Approach.
3. Concepts and components of money supply.
4. Inflation: Concepts, Effects and Anti-inflationary policies.
5. Theory of Commercial Banking, process of credit creation, credit multiplier, Credit control.
6. Monetary and Non-Monetary financial intermediaries in India.
7. Reserve bank of India: Credit and Monetary policy of the RBI.

Part – B (International Economic and World Economic Organization)

1. Internal and International trade
2. Classical theory of international trade-Absolute advantage model of Adam Smith, Comparative advantage model of Ricardo.
3. Harberler's theory of opportunity cost.
4. Heckscher-Ohlin theorem-An elementary treatment.
5. Terms of trade and gains from trade.
6. Free trade Vs Protection
7. Tariff and Quota
8. Determination of Foreign Exchange rate.
9. Balance of payments: meaning, dis-equilibrium and adjustment mechanism Devaluation and problem of convertibility.
10. IMF, World Bank, New International Economic order and world Trade Organization.
11. India's foreign trade: Trends, Direction, Composition, Export and Import Policies.

B.A.LL.B. Third Semester

PAPER-IV

Maximum Marks: 100

History – III(History of World 1789-1919)

French Revolution: Causes, main phase and consequences, Napoleon-Rise, Reforms, continental system and downfall.

The Era of Congress: 1818 to 1822; the era of Revolution-1830 to 1848; Napoleon III; Unification on the Italy and Germany; Eastern question-1821 to 1878. International Relation-1871 to 1914 (with special reference to Bismarck and William II); British foreign policy-1901 to 1914; Causes of the First World War; The Russian revolution; The treaty of Versailles.

American Civil War; Opium War and the establishment of European Influence in Chin, Chinese revolution of 1911, Emergency of Japan as Modern Nation; Partition of Africa

B.A.LL.B. Third Semester
PAPER-V
Constitutional Law – I

Maximum Marks: 100

UNIT-I

Constitutional developments since 1858-1947

Making of Indian Constitution

Nature and special features of the Constitution of India

Rule of law & Separation of powers

UNIT-II

State under Article 12 of the Constitution

Right to Equality (Articles 14-18)

Right to Freedom (Articles 19-22)

Right against Exploitation (Articles 23-24)

UNIT-III

Concept of secularism: historical perspective

Right to Freedom of Religion (Articles 25-28)

Cultural and Educational Rights (Articles 29-30)

Fundamental Duties (Articles 51-A)

UNIT-IV

Directive Principles-directions for social change-A new social order

Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of States Policy, inter-relationship, judicial balancing

Constitutional amendments-to strengthen Directive Principles

UNIT-V

Remedies for enforcement of rights contained in Part III-Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, Certiorari, Prohibition and Quo-warranto under Articles 32 and 226 of the Constitution
Judicial Review

Judicial activism and restraint

ACTs

Constitution of India

BOOKs

G. Austin, History of Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience (Oxford)

Constituent Assembly Debates, Vol. 1-12

D.D. Basu, Shorter Constitution of India

H.M. Seerval, Constitution of India Vol. 1-3

M.P. Singh (Ed.), V.N. Shukla, Constitutional Law of India

J.N. Pandey, Constitution of India

B.A.LL.B. Third Semester
PAPER-VI
Family Law – I(Hindu Law)

Maximum Marks: 100

UNIT-I

Who are Hindus?

Sources and schools of Hindu Law

Evolution of the Institution of marriage and family

Hindu Marriage (Sections 5-8)

Restitution of conjugal rights and judicial separation (Section 9-10)

Nullity of marriage and divorce (Section 11-18)

UNIT-II

Adoption-definition and conditions of valid adoption, effect of invalid adoption

Capacity of a male Hindu to take in adoption

Capacity of a female Hindu to take in adoption

Persons capable of giving in adoption

Persons who may be adopted

Maintenance-dependents

Maintenance of dependents

Amount of maintenance

Transfer of family property and its effect

UNIT-III

Meaning of guardian

Kinds of guardian-natural guardian, testamentary guardian, guardian appointed by the court, de facto and ad hoc guardian

Natural guardian of a Hindu minor, its qualifications and disqualifications

Natural guardian of adopted son

Powers of natural guardian

Intestate succession

Order of succession among heirs

Property of a female Hindu to be her absolute property

General rules of succession and exclusion from succession

UNIT-IV

Joint family

Coparcenary property-Mitakshara and Dayabhaga

Karta of the joint family-his position, powers, privileges and obligations

Alienation of property-separate and coparcenary property

Debts-doctrine of pious obligations and antecedent debt

UNIT-V

Partition-meaning of partition; partition how effected

Gifts-definition and subject-matter of gift

Gift when complete

Gift to unborn persons

Revocation of gift

Will-definition

Meaning of 'Codicil'

Persons capable of making will

What property may be disposed of by will-Mitakshara and Dayabhaga Law?

Revocation and alteration of will when void

ACTs

The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955

The Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956

The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956

The Hindu Succession Act, 1956

BOOKs

ParasDiwan, Hindu Law

J.D.M. Derrett, Hindu Law: Past and Present

P.V. Kane, History of Dharmashastras, Vol. 2, Part 1

ParasDiwan, Family Law: Law of Marriage and Divorce in India

S.T. Desal (Ed.), R.K. Agarwala's Hindu Law, C.L.A., Allahabad

N.D. Basu, Law of Succession

ParasDiwan, Law of Adoption, Minority, Guardianship and Custody